



EU regulation on organic production

EU-Taiwan International Food Trade Seminar (Taipei, 9 March, 2016)

European Commission

DG Agriculture and Rural Development

Oana Surdu – Unit A2



What will I present?

- Glimpse on organic production in the EU
- How is EU organic production regulated?
- What future changes in EU organic legislation?



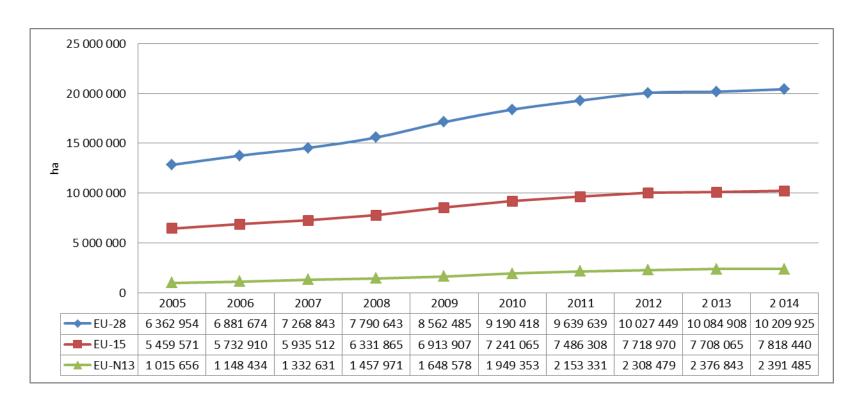


Organic production in the EU



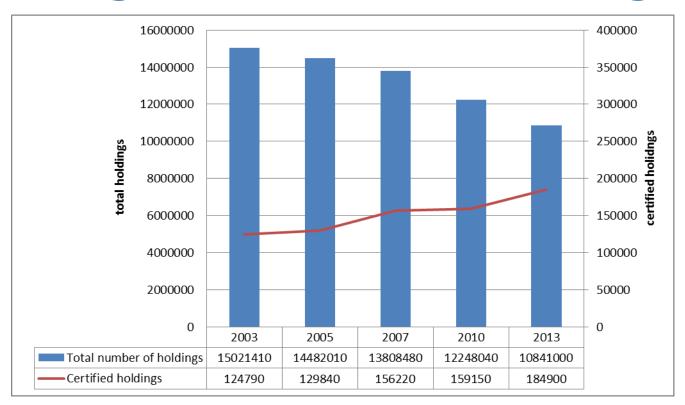


Organic area on the rise





Organic number of holdings







EU organic sector

- Area: almost doubled in ten years, but still 5,8% of the total in 2014
- Market: more than doubled between 2004 and 2014 (reaching 23.9 billion euros in 2014). Gap between internal production and demand covered by imports.
- EU covers about 41% of global organic retail sales value.





How is EU organic production regulated?





EU organic legislation

- Regulation 834/2007
 - Principles
 - Production rules
 - Controls
 - Labelling
 - Import rules
- Detailed implementing Regulations on production, controls and labelling (Regulation 889/2008) import rules (Regulation 1235/2008)
- Commission Guidance (eg labelling controls, imports)





- Principles
 - Farm management system = best environmental practices+ protection of biodiversity+ preservation of natural resources+ animal welfare+ responds to consumer demands
- Coverage
 - All stages of production
 - Agricultural and processed products, aquaculture





- Production rules
 - No GMOs, ionising radiation, hydroponic production
 - Practices: use of natural resources, crop rotation, respect production cycles, organic fertilisers, adapted choice of species and varieties.. etc
 - For processed foods: rules on ingredients, process, processing aids.. etc





- Control rules
 - European Commission + Member States
 - National Competent Authorities supervise and may delegate control competences to control authorities and/or control bodies
 - Checks: every operator at every step of the food chain
- Labelling
 - Protection of the term "organic" in EU languages + derivatives+ EU logo
 - Compulsory information: code number of control body/authority, EU/non-EU agriculture



- Import rules
 - Equivalence (production rules and controls equivalent to EU rules)
 - Country as equivalent system (list of recognized third countries)
 - Products providing equivalent guarantees (list of recognized control bodies/authorities)
 - Compliant products (EU rules)
 - Certificate of inspection required
 - EU logo may be used (not mandatory for exported products to the EU)





What future changes in EU organic legislation?





EU organic legislation revision

- Why?
 - clarify and simplify rules
 - further enhance acces of small producers
 - Maintain consumer confidence
- Where are we in the process?
 - Commission proposal in 2014
 - Under discussion in the European Parliament and Council of the EU (process takes 2 years)
 - New rules likely not applicable before 2017





EU organic legislation revision

- Some proposed changes...
 - Streamlined production rules
 - Controls: removal of exceptions (eg for certain retailers)
 - Group certification for small farmers (internal control system)





EU organic legislation revision

Some proposed changes...

Imports

- Equivalence of the system (production rules and controls equivalent to EU rules) bilateral agreements
- •Compliance with EU rules for recognized control bodies







More information on organic:

- European Commission webpage on organic: http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/organic/
- Commission proposal on organic farming (2014): http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/organic/documents/eu-policy/policy-development/report-and-annexes/proposal en.pdf
- Facts and figures on organic agriculture in the European Union http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/markets-and-prices/more-reports/pdf/organic-2013_en.pdf







Thank you for your attention

